물질안전보건자료

(Material Safety Data Sheet)

Name of the product 500CR(K3)-SB

1. Information about chemicals and companies

A. Product name 500CR(K3)-SB

B. Recommended use of the product and restrictions

Recommended use of the product UV Audible Paint for Bearing

Product usage restrictions Restrictions on non-recommended use

C. Manufacturer/supplier/distributor information (in case of imports, enter information of domestic suppliers that can be contacted

urgently)

Corporate name Geumgang Paint Industrial Co., Ltd. CS. Tech Co., Ltd.

Address 454-2 Yongjeon-ri, Gokyeong-myeon, Yeongcheon-si, Gyeongsangbuk-do

Information provision and emergency contact 054-338-7722, 052-261-7263 Kim Geon-cheol

2. Harmful and dangerous

A. Classification of hazards and risks Metallic corrosive material: classification1

Acute toxicity (intake: dust/mist): classification4 Skin Corrosive/Skin Irritability: Classification Severe eye damage/eye irritation: classification1

Skin Irritability: Classification 1

Specific target organ toxicity (1 exposure): Classification2
Hazardous nature of acute aquatic environment: Classification1

Harmful to chronic aquatic environment: Classification1

B. Warning sign items including precautionary statements

Picture Text



Signal word

Danger

Hazardous and hazardous statements

H290 Metal May Be Corrosive

H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause allergic skin reactions H318 Causes severe eye damage

H332 Harmful when inhaled

H371 May cause damage to the body (...) H400 Very toxic to aquatic organisms

H410 Very toxic to aquatic organisms due to long-term effects

Precautionary statement

Prevention P234 Store in original container only.

P260 Do not inhale (dust, fume, gas, mist, steam, spray).
P261 Avoid inhalation of dust, fume, gas, mist, steam, spray.

P264 Wash the handling area thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Handle only outdoors or in well ventilated areas.

P272 Do not take contaminated clothing out of the workshop.

P273 Do not discharge into the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and face

protection.

Response P302+P352 Wash with plenty of water/... if it gets on your skin.

Response P304+P340 When inhaled, move to a place with fresh air and stabilize in a breathable position. P305+P351+P338 If it gets on your eyes, wash it carefully with water for a few minutes. Remove contact lenses if possible. Keep washing. P308+P311 If you are concerned about exposure or exposure, consult a medical institution (doctor). P310 Seek immediate medical attention. P312 If you feel uncomfortable, consult a medical institution. P321 (···) Treat. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs, seek medical measures and advice. P333+P313 If skin irritation or erythema appears, seek medical attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and clean it before using again. P390 Absorb the leak to prevent damage to the substance. P391 Collect the leak. P405 Store in a storage area with a lock. Storage P406 Store in an corrosion resistant container (as determined by the manufacturer or administrative agency) since it is a metal corrosive material.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of the container (as specified in the relevant laws and regulations).

3. Name and content of components

Material name	Nomenclature (tolerance)	CAS number	content (%)
TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	2-ethyl-2 (1-oxoalil)oxy)methyl)-1,3- propanedyl diacrylate diacrylate (2- Ethyl-2-(1-oxoallyloxy)methyl)-1,3- propanediyl diacrylate)	15625-89-5	1 ~ 10
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	2-propenic acid, 1-methyl-1,2- etane.This day)vis (oxy(methyl-2,1- etenedyle)) ester(2-propenoic acid,(1- methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis(oxy(methyl- 2,1-ethanediyl) ester)	42978-66-5	11 ~ 20
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)	MONOALUMINIUM DIHYDROGEN MONOPHOSPHATE	13530-50-2	1 ~ 10
Bow Stone		14807-96-6	20 ~ 30
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	2-propenic acid, (Tetrahydro-2-puranyl) methyl ester (2-PROPENOIC ACID,	2399-48-6	11 ~ 20
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	2-propenic acid, 1,7,7-trimethylbyclo (2.2.1) hept-2-day ester,	5888-33-5	11 ~ 20
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone	Methanon, (1-hydroxycyclohexyl)Phenyl- (METHANONE),	947-19-3	1 ~ 10
2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etandyle) ester		32435-46-4	1 ~ 10

4. First aid measures

A. When you get in the eye,	If it gets on your eyes, wash it carefully with water for a few minutes. Remove contact lenses if possible. Keep washing.
	Get emergency medical attention.
B. When you come into contact with your skin,	If skin irritation or erythema appears, seek medical advice.
	Take off your contaminated clothing.
	For hot substances, soak affected area in large amounts of cold water or wash it off to remove heat.
	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and isolate contaminated areas.
	Wash skin and eyes under running water for at least 20 minutes immediately upon contact with the substance.
	Prevent the spread of contaminated areas in case of minor skin contact.
C. When you inhale it.	Seek medical attention immediately.

Remove excess dust or fume with clean air and take medical measures if you have cough or other symptoms.

D. When you eat.

D. When you eat.

If you feel exposed or uncomfortable, consult a medical institution (doctor).

When eating or inhaling substances, do not use mouth-to-mouth respiration

techniques and use appropriate breathing apparatus.

Let medical personnel be aware of the substance and take protective

measures.

E. Other medical precautions

5. How to deal with explosions and fires

A. Adequate (inappropriate) digestive medicine

Adequate (inappropriate) digestive medicine

Use alcohol foam, carbon dioxide or water spray when extinguishing this substance.

Use dry sand or soil for asphyxiation

B. Specific hazards arising from chemicals

Specific hazards arising from chemicals

May corrode metal

May cause irritating and highly toxic gases by pyrolysis or combustion during

burning

Containers may explode when heated

Some may burn but do not ignite easily

Some may produce flammable hydrogen gas in contact with metals

Non-inflammatory, the substance itself does not burn, but may decompose during heating, resulting in corrosive/toxic fume

C. Protective equipment and preventive measures to be worn in the event of a fire.

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE

Rescuers should wear appropriate protective gear.

Keep a safe distance away from the area and digest it.

It may be molten and transported, so be careful.

Dig a ditch to dispose of the fire hydrant, lock it up, and keep the matter from scattering.

If it's not dangerous, move the containers from the fire area.

In the event of a tank fire, fire it at maximum distance or use unmanned fire extinguishing equipment.

In the event of a tank fire, cool the container with plenty of water even after extinguishing the fire.

In case of a tank fire, withdraw immediately if there is a high-pitched sound or if the tank discolors.

In the event of a tank fire, get out of the tank in flames.

In the event of a tank fire, use unmanned fire extinguishing equipment for

large-scale fires, and if it's impossible, let it burn.

Rescuers should wear appropriate protective gear.

Keep a safe distance away from the area and digest it.

Some of them may be transported at high temperatures, so be careful.

Dig a ditch to dispose of the fire hydrant, lock it up, and keep the matter from scattering.

If it's not dangerous, move the containers from the fire area.

In the event of a tank fire, cool the container with plenty of water even after extinguishing the fire.

In case of a tank fire, withdraw immediately if there is a high-pitched sound or if the tank discolors.

In the event of a tank fire, get out of the tank in flames.

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If it's not dangerous, move the containers from the fire area.

In the event of a tank fire, fire it at maximum distance or use unmanned fire extinguishing equipment.

In the event of a tank fire, cool the container with plenty of water even after extinguishing the fire.

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

In case of a tank fire, withdraw immediately if there is a high-pitched sound or if the tank discolors.

In the event of a tank fire, get out of the tank in flames.

In the event of a tank fire, use unmanned fire extinguishing equipment for large-scale fires, and if it's impossible, let it burn.

Rescuers should wear appropriate protective gear.

Keep a safe distance away from the area and digest it.

It may be molten and transported, so be careful.

Dig a ditch to dispose of the fire hydrant, lock it up, and keep the matter from scattering.

If it's not dangerous, move the containers from the fire area.

In the event of a tank fire, fire it at maximum distance or use unmanned fire extinguishing equipment.

In the event of a tank fire, cool the container with plenty of water even after extinguishing the fire.

In case of a tank fire, withdraw immediately if there is a high-pitched sound or if the tank discolors

In the event of a tank fire, get out of the tank in flames.

In the event of a tank fire, use unmanned fire extinguishing equipment for large-scale fires, and if it's impossible, let it burn.

Keep a safe distance away from the area and digest it.

Some of them may be transported at high temperatures, so be careful.

Dig a ditch to dispose of the fire hydrant, lock it up, and keep the matter from scattering.

If it's not dangerous, move the containers from the fire area.

In the event of a tank fire, cool the container with plenty of water even after extinguishing the fire.

In case of a tank fire, withdraw immediately if there is a high-pitched sound or if the tank discolors.

In the event of a tank fire, get out of the tank in flames.

Rescuers should wear appropriate protective gear.

Keep a safe distance away from the area and digest it.

It may be molten and transported, so be careful.

Some of them may be transported at high temperatures, so be careful.

Dig a ditch to dispose of the fire hydrant, lock it up, and keep the matter from scattering.

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In the event of a tank fire, cool the container with plenty of water even after extinguishing the fire.

In case of a tank fire, withdraw immediately if there is a high-pitched sound or if the tank discolors.

In the event of a tank fire, get out of the tank in flames.

In the event of a tank fire, use unmanned fire extinguishing equipment for large-scale fires, and if it's impossible, let it burn.

If it's not dangerous, move the containers from the fire area.

Some may be transported at high temperatures

Leaks can cause contamination

May cause burns to the skin and eyes on contact

Dig a ditch to dispose of the fire hydrant, lock it up, and keep the matter from scattering.

If it's not dangerous, move the containers from the fire area.

In the event of a tank fire, cool the container with plenty of water even after extinguishing the fire.

Bow Stone

Row Stone

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone

In the event of a tank fire, get out of the tank in flames. 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etandyle) If it's not dangerous, move the containers from the fire area. ester Some may be transported at high temperatures Leaks can cause contamination May cause burns to the skin and eyes on contact Dig a ditch to dispose of the fire hydrant, lock it up, and keep the matter from scattering. If it's not dangerous, move the containers from the fire area. In the event of a tank fire, cool the container with plenty of water even after extinguishing the fire. In case of a tank fire, withdraw immediately if there is a high-pitched sound or if the tank discolors. In the event of a tank fire, get out of the tank in flames. 6. How to deal with leakage accidents A. Actions and protective gear required to protect the Avoid inhalation of dust, fume, gas, mist, steam, spray. human body Wipe off any spills immediately and follow the precautions in the protective gear. Remove all sources of ignition. Stop the leak if it's not dangerous. A. Actions and protective gear required to protect the Do not touch damaged containers or leaks without proper protective clothing. human body Cover it with plastic sheets to stop the spread. Prevent dust formation. Pay attention to substances and conditions to avoid B. Necessary measures to protect the environment Do not discharge into the environment. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements, and confined spaces. C. Purification or removal method Absorb the leak to prevent damage to the substance. Collect the leak. Absorb spills with inert material (e.g., dry sand or soil) and place in chemical waste container. Remove air dust and wet it with water to prevent it from scattering. Absorb liquids and wash contaminated areas with detergent and water. In the event of a large leak, keep it away from the liquid leak and create a ditch. Place the leak in a clean, dry container with a clean shovel, close loosely, and move the container away from the leak area. In case of powder leakage, cover with a plastic sheet to prevent spread and keep it dry. In the event of a small leak, absorb sand, non-flammable substances, and place them in a container

if the tank discolors.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE METHOD

A. Safety handling tips. Avoid inhalation of dust, fume, gas, mist, steam, spray.

Wash the handling area thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.

Handle only outdoors or in well ventilated areas.

Do not take contaminated clothing out of the workshop.

Follow all MSDS/label precautions as the product may remain after the container has been emptied.

In case of a tank fire, withdraw immediately if there is a high-pitched sound or

Handle/Save carefully.

Carefully open the cap before opening.

Avoid prolonged or continuous skin contact.

Pay attention to substances and conditions to avoid

Refer to engineering management and personal protective equipment.

Watch out for the high temperature. Store only in the original container.

Store in a locked storage area.

Store in an corrosion-resistant container (as determined by the manufacturer or administrative agency) since it is a metal-corrosive material.

Drain and properly seal the empty drum barrel and immediately return it to the drum regulator or place it properly.

8. Exposure Prevention and Personal Protection

A. Exposure criteria for chemicals, biological exposure criteria, etc.

domestic regulations

B. Safe Storage Methods

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) No data

Bow Stone TWA - 6 mg/m3 SOUFFSTONE

Bow Stone TWA - 3 mg/m3 SOUFFSTONE (Breathable)

TWA - 2 mg/m3 Asbestos [no asbestos, less than 1% silicon oxide crystalline

(breathable)] However, for asbestos-containing asbestos reference (0.1

pcs/cm3)

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE No data

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE No data

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-

etandyle) ester

Bow Stone

ACGIH Regulations

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) TWA 1 mg/m³

Bow Stone STEL

Bow Stone TWA 2 mg/m³

Bow Stone ETC
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE No data

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE No data

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-

etandyle) ester

Biological exposure criteria

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

No data

Bow Stone

No data

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE

No data

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) No data Bow Stone TWA: 6mg/m3 - NIOSH TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE No data ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE No data (1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2.1etandyle) ester No data B. Proper engineering management Use process isolation, local exhaust, or other engineering management to adjust the air level below the exposure standard. B. Proper engineering management If dust, fume, or mist is generated during operation, ventilate so that air pollution is kept below the exposure standard. B. Proper engineering management For facilities that store or use this material, install washing facilities and safety showers. C. Personal protective gear Respiratory protection TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE Wear respiratory protective gear certified by the Occupational Safety and Health Organization for the physical and chemical properties of the gases/liquids "For gas/liquid substances, the following respiratory protection is TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE recommended: - Isolated full-face gas masks (for organic compounds (for acidic gases) or isolated full-face gas masks (for acidic gases) or direct-type full-face gas masks (for acidic gases) or semi-type gas masks (for acidic gases) TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE In case of lack of oxygen (<19.5%) wear a transmission mask or selfcontained air respirator. TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE Wear respiratory protective gear certified by the Occupational Safety and Health Organization for the physical and chemical properties of the gases/liquids exposed. TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE "For gas/liquid substances, the following respiratory protection is recommended: - Isolated full-face gas masks (for organic compounds (for acidic gases) or isolated full-face gas masks (for acidic gases) or direct-type full-face gas masks (for acidic gases) or semi-type gas masks (for acidic gases) TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE In case of lack of oxygen (<19.5%) wear a transmission mask or selfcontained air respirator. Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Wear respiratory protective gear that is certified by the Korea Occupational Safety and Health Organization for the physical and chemical properties of the particulate matter exposed. Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) "For particulate matter, the following respiratory protection is recommended: - Face-filtered dustproof mask or air-filtered dustproof mask (high-efficiency particulate filter material) or electric fan-attached dustproof mask (filtered material for dust, mist and fume)" Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) In case of lack of oxygen (<19.6%), wear a transmission mask or selfcontained respirator. Bow Stone SOUFFSTONE Bow Stone Wear respiratory protective gear that is certified by the Korea Occupational Safety and Health Organization according to the physical and chemical characteristics of the exposed substances.

SOUPSTONE (Breathing)

No data

No data

No data

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE

Other Exposure Criteria

etandyle) ester

Bow Stone

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2.1Bow Stone Wear respiratory protective gear that is certified by the Korea Occupational

Safety and Health Organization according to the physical and chemical

characteristics of the exposed substances.

Bow Stone Asbestos [Without asbestos, less than 1% silicon oxide crystals (breathability)]

However, for asbestos-containing types, see asbestos (0.1 pcs/cm3)

Bow Stone Wear respiratory protective gear that is certified by the Korea Occupational

Safety and Health Organization according to the physical and chemical

characteristics of the exposed substances.

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE "For gas/liquid substances, the following respiratory protection is

recommended:

- Isolated full-face gas masks (for organic compounds (for acidic gases) or isolated full-face gas masks (for acidic gases) or direct-type full-face gas

masks (for acidic gases) or semi-type gas masks (for acidic gases)

In case of lack of oxygen (<19.5%) wear a transmission mask or self-

contained air respirator.

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Wear respiratory protective gear certified by the Occupational Safety and Health

Organization for the physical and chemical properties of the gases/liquids

exposed.

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE "For gas/liquid substances, the following respiratory protection is

recommended:

- Isolated full-face gas masks (for organic compounds (for acidic gases) or isolated full-face gas masks (for acidic gases) or direct-type full-face gas

masks (for acidic gases) or semi-type gas masks (for acidic gases)

In case of lack of oxygen (<19.5%) wear a transmission mask or self-

contained air respirator.

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone Wear respiratory protective gear that is certified by the Korea Occupational Safety and Health Organization for the physical and chemical properties of the

particulate matter exposed.

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone "For particulate matter, the following respiratory protection is recommended:

- Face-filtered dustproof mask or air-filtered dustproof mask (high-efficiency particulate filter material) or electric fan-attached dustproof mask (filtered

material for dust, mist and fume)"

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone In case of lack of oxygen (<19.6%), wear a transmission mask or self-

contained respirator.

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1- Wear respiratory protective gear that is certified by the Korea Occupational

Safety and Health Organization for the physical and chemical characteristics of

the exposed substance.

-Filtrated dustproof mask or air filtration mask (high efficiency particle filtration) or dustproof mask attached to electric fan (filtration material for dust, mist,

fume)

"For gases/liquid substances, the following respiratory protection is

recommended:

- Isolated full-face gas masks (for organic compounds (for acidic gases) or isolated full-face gas masks (for acidic gases) or direct-type full-face gas masks (for acidic gases) or semi-type gas masks (for acidic gases)

9. PHYSICAL CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE

A. Appearance

etandyle) ester

etandyle) ester

etandyle) ester

a personality of a person Liquid

Color Black liquid

Smell. the smell of a monomeric odor

C. Odor threshold

D. pH

No data
E. Melting point/fish point

No data
F. Initial boiling point and boiling point range

No data
G. Print shop

109

Ah. Evaporation rate. No data

Now. Flammability (solid, gas)

J. Upper/lower limits of the range of prints or explos

C. Vapor pressure

No data

No data

Get in. Solubility. No data

Par. Steam density

Ha. Weight

No data

You. Natural ignition temperature. 429

More. Decomposition temperatureNo dataMore. Decomposition temperature880More. Decomposition temperatureNo data

10. Stability and Reactivity

A. Chemical stability and potential for hazardous rea

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE Containers may explode when heated

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE Some may burn but do not ignite easily

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE Non-inflammatory, the substance itself does not burn, but may decompose

during heating, resulting in corrosive/toxic fume

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE May cause irritable, corrosive and toxic gases in case of fire

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE

Containers may explode when heated

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE Some may burn but do not ignite easily

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE May cause burns to the skin and eyes on contact

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE May cause irritable, toxic gases in case of fire

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE inhalation of substances may be harmful

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE Inhalation of asbestos may damage the lungs

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE Some liquids may produce vapors that cause dizziness and suffocation

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Can decompose at high temperatures to produce toxic gases

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

Containers may explode when heated

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

Some may burn but do not ignite easily

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

Non-inflammatory, the substance itself does not burn, but may decompose

during heating, resulting in corrosive/toxic fume

Bow Stone Containers may explode when heated

Bow Stone Some may burn but do not ignite easily

Bow Stone Non-inflammatory, the substance itself does not burn, but may decompose

during heating, resulting in corrosive/toxic fume

Bow Stone May cause irritable, corrosive and toxic gases in case of fire

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE May corrode metal

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE Containers may explode when heated

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE Some may burn but do not ignite easily

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE May cause burns to the skin and eyes on contact

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE

May cause irritable, toxic gases in case of fire

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE

inhalation of substances may be harmful

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE Inhalation of asbestos may damage the lungs

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ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Containers may explode when heated ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Some may burn but do not ignite easily ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Non-inflammatory, the substance itself does not burn, but may decompose during heating, resulting in corrosive/toxic fume ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE May cause irritable, corrosive and toxic gases in case of fire (1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone Stable under room temperature and pressure (1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone Containers may explode when heated (1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone Some may burn but do not ignite easily (1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone May cause irritable, toxic gases in case of fire (1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone inhalation of substances may be harmful (1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone Some liquids may cause dizziness and suffocation. 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-Stable under room temperature and pressure etandyle) ester 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-Containers may explode when heated etandyle) ester 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-Some may burn but do not ignite easily etandyle) ester 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-May cause irritable, toxic gases in case of fire etandyle) ester 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1inhalation of substances may be harmful etandyle) ester 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-Some liquids may cause dizziness and suffocation. etandyle) ester B. Conditions to avoid TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE sources of heat, sparks, flames, etc. TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE Heat Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) sources of heat, sparks, flames, etc. Bow Stone sources of heat, sparks, flames, etc. TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE Heat ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE sources of heat, sparks, flames, etc. (1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone sources of heat, sparks, flames, etc. 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2.1sources of heat, sparks, flames, etc. etandyle) ester C. Substances to avoid TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE Flammable substances, reducing substances TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Flammable substances, reducing substances

Bow Stone Flammable substances, reducing substances

Bow Stone Separation group:

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE No data

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Flammable substances, reducing substances

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone flammable substances

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone Irritable, toxic gas 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1flammable substances

etandyle) ester

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-

Irritable, toxic gas

etandyle) ester

D. Hazardous substances produced during disassembly

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE May cause irritating and highly toxic gases by pyrolysis or combustion during

ourning

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE Corrosive/toxic fume

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE

May cause irritating and highly toxic gases by pyrolysis or combustion during

burning

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE Irritable, toxic gas

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

May cause irritating and highly toxic gases by pyrolysis or combustion during

burning

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Corrosive/toxic fume
Bow Stone Corrosive/toxic fume

Bow Stone Irritable, corrosive, toxic gases

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE Irritable, toxic gas

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE May cause irritating and highly toxic gases by pyrolysis or combustion during

burning

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Corrosive/toxic fume

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Irritable, toxic gas

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etandyl No data

11. Information about toxicity

A. Information about likely exposure pathways

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) No data
Bow Stone No data

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE May cause burns"

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE No data (1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-

etandyle) ester

No data

B. Health Hazard Information

Acute toxicity

epigram

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE LD50 5000 mg/kg Rat

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE LD50 6200 mg/kg Rat

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rat

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) No data

Bow Stone LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Rat

Bow Stone No data
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE No data

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE LD50 4890 mg/kg Rat

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1- No data

etandyle) ester

Transdermal construction

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE LD50 5170 mg/kg Rabbit TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) LD50 > 4640 mg/kg Rabbit Bow Stone LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rat

Bow Stone No data
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE No data

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Rat

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1- No data

etandyle) ester

Inhalation

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Dust LC50 > 5.1 \pounds/\pounds 4 hr Rat

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) No data

Bow Stone Mist LC50 > 2.1 \pounds/\pounds 4 hr Rat

Bow Stone No data

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE No data

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE No data

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-

etandyle) ester

Skin corrosive or irritability

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE Medium stimulation

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE Normal stimulation (rabbit)

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Viability of cells (%): 84.2/100, 자극성 없음, reconstituted human epidermis

model, EU Guideline Testing of Chemicals B46

Bow Stone relative tissue survival (%): 112.9, no irritation, human, EU Method B.46

No data

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE Corrosion agents: skin, eyes

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Rabbit/skin (500 uL): Medium irritability

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1- No data

etandyle) ester

Severe eye damage or irritability

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE Medium stimulation
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE Severe irritation (rabbit)

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Classification 1 (non-reversible eye damage) GHS classification basis, Bovine,

corneal clutter (86.7), OECD TG 437

Bow Stone No hypersensitivity, Rat, in vivo, male.

No irritation, Rabbit, corneal clutter (0), iris (0), conjunctival congestion (1.2),

Bow Stone conjunctival edema (0.7), OECD TG 405

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE No data

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Rabbit/Eye (100 uL): mild irritation

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-

etandyle) ester

Respiratory hypersensitivity

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)	No data
Bow Stone	No data
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	No data
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	No data
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone	No data
2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etandyle) ester	No data
Dermatotropic	
TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE TRIACRYLATE	Report dermatitis, dermatitis, and irritability in repeated contact
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	Skin sensitivity (Guinea Pig)
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)	Not classified according to GHS criteria (no hypersensitivity), Mouse, Local Lymph node Test (LLNA), GLP, Female, OECD TG 429
Bow Stone	No hypersensitivity, Guineapig, female, OECD TG 406
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	No data
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	No data
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone	No data
2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etandyle) ester	No data
Carcinogenic	
Industrial Safety and Health Act	No data
TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	NO data
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	No data
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)	No data
Bow Stone	No data
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	No data
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	No data
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone	No data
2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etandyle) ester	No data
Ministry of Employment and Labor Notice	
TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	No data
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	No data
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)	No data
Bow Stone	1A
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	No data
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	No data
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone	No data
2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etandyle) ester IARC	No data
TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	No data
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	No data
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)	No data
D 0:	

3

Bow Stone

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	No data
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	No data
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone	No data
2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-	No data
etandyle) ester OSHA	No data
TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	No data
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	No data
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)	No data
Bow Stone	No data
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	No data
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	No data
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone	No data
2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-	No data
etandyle) ester	
ACGIH	
TRIMETUVI ORUANE TRIORY/ ATE	No data
TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	No data
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)	No data
Bow Stone	A4
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	No data
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	No data
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone	No data
2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1- etandyle) ester NTP	No data
TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	No data
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	No data
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)	No data
Bow Stone	No data
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	No data
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	No data
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone	No data
2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1- etandyle) ester EU CLP	No data
TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	No data
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	No data
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)	No data
Bow Stone	No data

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE

No data ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-

No data No data

No data

etandvle) ester

Reproductive cell variational origin TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE

No data

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

No data

No data

No data

No data

Invitro - Regression Testing with Bacteria: Negative (E. coli WP2 uvr A, regardless of metabolic activity), OECD TG 471, EU Method B.13/14, EPA

OPPTS 870.5100

Bow Stone "invivo - Genetic mutation test using mammalian reproductive cells: negative

(rat. male), OECD TG 478

In vitro - chromosomal aberrations using mammalian cells: negative (rat pleural

mesothelium cells (RPMC), OECD TG 473, EU Method B.10"

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE No data

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1etandyle) ester

Reproductive toxicity

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

No data

No data

"The results of this study are complicated to interpret due to the effect of aluminum sulfate treatment on fluid consumption. High concentrations of aluminum sulfate can reduce the pH of drinking water, reducing its affinity, and the intake of F0 and F1 females during the three weeks of lactation has also decreased compared to the control group. Therefore, a decrease in food and water consumption during lactation means that the effects observed in the F1 and F2 generations (e.g., long-term weight reduction) may be secondary rather than direct effects of aluminum sulfate consumption. Therefore, the use of these results as independent results is limited, OECD TG 416, GLP

Administration of 370 mg/kg bw for 10 days in pregnant mice does not show developmental toxicity, mother body, fetal toxicity NOAEL > 370 mg/kg bw, mouse'

"A daily dose of 900 mg of acrobat/kg to pregnant rabbits on 6-18th of pregnancy had no effect on the fetus. No dose-related effects were shown in the reproductive function. NOAEL is considered 900 mg/kg bw/day in the study of reproductive toxicity. Guidelines: equivalent or similar to OECD TG 416, GLP

Bow Stone

NOAEL = 1600 mg/kg bw/day, 1600 mg/kg bw talc in corn oil did not affect reproductive and developmental indicators, mother body, fetal survival, rat, GLP"

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE No data

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE No data

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1etandyle) ester

Specific target organ toxicity (1 exposure)

No data

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE Respiratory tract irritation Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

Bow Stone

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE (1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

Bow Stone

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1etandyle) ester

Aspiration hazard

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE

"Ophthalmology: bent posture was observed in three animals during the day of administration. No full body signs were observed on the initial processed object. A white liquid present in the stomach was observed in the autopsy of a dead object during the study. No abnormalities were found in the autopsy at the end of the study. (Rat / Female / OECD TG 420 / GLP)

Transdermal: No obvious signs of toxicity. Skin irritation/corrosivity observed

Suction: Following the end of exposure, an upright posture, saliva secretion, wrinkled fur, severe breathing and breathing noise were observed in all animals. Wrinkled fur, and breathing sounds were recorded on day 2 of the test and lasted until day 10. In addition, slightly to moderate decreased activity was observed in one male after the end of exposure (test 1 day). After that, all animals had no clinical signs. / No macroscopic findings. (Rat / Male / Female / OECD TG 403 / GLP)"

"Ophthalmology: No clinical signs observed / No special pathological abnormalities found (Rat / Male / OECD TG 423 / GLP)

Transdermal: Test items showed slight signs of skin irritation (weak scratches) after a single dose application to one female (n $^{\circ}$ 14) on three and four days. The observed clinical signs appeared only on the day of application, which may be due in part to this. Stress caused by application process. These are the following indications: Red nose emissions for one female (n $^{\circ}$ 15) at 2, 3 and 4 hours and for three males (n $^{\circ}$ 21, 23, 24) at 1, 2, 3 and 4 hours. Diarrhea appears in one male (n $^{\circ}$ 21) immediately after 30 minutes and 1 hour. The autopsy showed a change in tissue in the fluid filled colon. This finding was only seen in one animal and was not associated with specific clinical signs, so it is unlikely to be associated with the test item (Rat / Male / Female / OECD TG 402 / GLP).

Inhalation: No clinical signs were observed during exposure. After exposure, ocular sepsis and innate expression were observed in two males and one female on the first day alone. (Rat / Male / Female / OECD TG 403 / GLP)"

No data

No data No data

Oral (absorbable): a 90-day oral exposure (expression) of 0.3, 1.0, and 3.0% through the beagle appears in three animals that are abnormally larger and more than those not normally observed in the T-III group of renal systolic. Other calcified microcontractions present in the lumen of the renal segnure tube located in the cortical muscle joint of the kidney and water quality are attributable to the disease occurring normally and have not changed (NOAEL=322.88 mg/kg bw/day), Dog

"Ophthalmic (chronic): 101 days of oral exposure through rats (cancer/male) with Talc as feed, and NOAEL was 100 mg/kg/day. There were no side effects at the end of general toxicity, and one of the animals treated with gluteal stones showed gastric smooth muscle sarcoma. However, sarcoma, which is not related to glute treatment, is found in the uterus of two animals. No chronic pathological effects associated with oral administration to rats, Rat, OECD TG 452

Inhalation (chronic): Through rats, 7.5 hours a day with a concentration of 10.8 mg talc/m3 of breathable dust for 6 to 12 months, and 5 days a week, the two groups with a treatment period of 6 to 12 months have a high mortality rate. 50% of the animals died during processing in both groups, and exposure to test substances resulted in distinct fibrosis. Lung adenoma detected in 1 of 24 exposed animals, Rat, OECD TG 452"

No data

No data

No data

No data

No data

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) No data

Bow Stone No data

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE No data

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE
No data
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone
No data
2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-

etandyle) ester

Other Harmful Effects

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

No data
Bow Stone

No data
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE

No data
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE

No data
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone

No data

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-

etandyle) ester No data

12. Environmental impact

A. Ecotoxicity.

Fish

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) LC50 > 100 mg/l 96 hr Oncorhynchus mykiss

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) (OECD TG 203, EU Method C.1, Semi-exponential, Fresh Water, GLP)

Bow Stone LC50 89581.016 mg/ℓ 96 hr Fishes species

Bow Stone (QSAR, Exponential)

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE (No data)

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE LC50 1.262 mg/ℓ 98 hr

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone LC50 58.426 mg/ℓ 96 hr 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc LC50 156.693 mg/ℓ 96 hr

Crustaceans

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE EC50 88.7 $\,\mathrm{mg}/\ell$ 48 hr Daphnia magna

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) NOEC > 160 mg/l 48 hr Daphnia magna

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) (OECD TG 202; Semi-exponential, Fresh Water, GLP)

Bow Stone LC50 36812.359 mg/l 48 hr Daphnid species

Bow Stone (QSAR model, QSAR model, 담수)

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE (No data)

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE LC50 1.495 mg/ℓ 48 hr

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone LC50 64.537 $\,\mathrm{mg}/\ell$ 48 hr

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc No data

bird

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE EC50 > 28 mg/l 72 hr Scenedesmus subspicatus

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) EC50 > 100 mg/ℓ 72 hr Desmodesmus subspicatus

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) (EU Method C.3, OECD TG 201, Exponential, Fresh Water, GLP)

Bow Stone EC50 7202.7 mg/ ℓ 96 hr Green algae Bow Stone (QSAR model, QSAR model, 담수)

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE (No data)

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE EC50 0.172 mg/ℓ 96 hr

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone EC50 41.382 mg/ ℓ 96 hr

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc No data

B. Residuality and decomposition

Residuality

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE log Kow 2.86 (estimated)

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE log Kow 2.77

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) No data

Bow Stone 01 −9.4 log Kow Bow Stone (log Pow, 25°C) TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE (NOT APPLICABLE)

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE log Kow 4.21

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone log Kow 2.44

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc No data

Decomposable

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

Bow Stone

No data

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE

(No data)

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE No data

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc No data

C. Bio-enriched Concentration

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) 01 215 BCF

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) (Number of dimensionless)

	Bow Stone Bow Stone TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	01 3.162 BCF (ℓ/kg) (No data)
	ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	BCF 349.1
	(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc	BCF 2.185 BCF 0.2828
	Biodegradable TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	No data
	TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	> 90 (%)
	Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Bow Stone TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	No data No data No data
	ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	No data
′-	I-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone N 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc	lo data No data
	D. Soil dynamic TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	No data
	TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	No data
	Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Bow Stone TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	No data No data No data
	ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	No data
	(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc	No data No data
	E. Other harmful effects TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	No data
	TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	No data
	Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Bow Stone	No data
	TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	No data
	ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	No data
	(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone	No data

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etandyl No data

13. Precautions for disposal

A. Disposal method

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE

Dispose of the contents and containers according to the regulations provided for in the Waste Management Act.

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE Dispose of the contents and containers according to the regulations provided for in the Waste Management Act. Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Dispose of the contents and containers according to the regulations provided for in the Waste Management Act. Bow Stone Dispose of the contents and containers according to the regulations provided for in the Waste Management Act. TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE Dispose of the contents and containers according to the regulations provided for in the Waste Management Act. ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Dispose of the contents and containers according to the regulations provided for in the Waste Management Act. (1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone Dispose of the contents and containers according to the regulations provided for in the Waste Management Act. 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-Dispose of the contents and containers according to the regulations provided etandyle) ester for in the Waste Management Act. B. Precautions for disposal TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE Dispose of the container (in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations). TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE Dispose of the container (in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations). Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Dispose of the container (in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations). Bow Stone Dispose of the container (in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations). TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE Dispose of the container (in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations). ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Dispose of the container (in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations). (1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone Dispose of the container (in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations). 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1etandyle) ester Dispose of the container (in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations). 14. Information required for transportation A. United Nations number (UN No.) 1263 B. Proper shipping name Paint including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler, and liquid lacquer base C. Risks in transportation 3 Ш D. Courage grade E. Marine pollutants (represented as applicable or non-sugar): per comparison F. The user needs to know about transportation or transportation. 1) Types of emergency measures in case of fire: Not applicable 2) Types of emergency measures in case of leakage: Not applicable 15. Status of legal regulations A. Regulations under the Occupational Safety and Hea TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data

Hazardous substances subject to management

of substances subject to special health examination)

Prohibited Substances

Substances subject to special health examination (Diagnosis cycle: 12 months

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

Bow Stone

Bow Stone Substances subject to measurement of working environment (Measurement

cycle: 6 months of materials subject to measurement of working environment)

Bow Stone Exposure reference setting substance

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE No data

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE No data

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc

No data

B. Regulations under the Chemical Substances Contro

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) No data No data Bow Stone TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE No data

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE No data

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc No data

C. Regulations under the Dangerous Goods Safety Ma

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE 4th class 3rd petroleum (non-waterable liquid) 2000£

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE 4th class 3rd petroleum (non-waterable liquid) 2000£

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) No data Bow Stone No data

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE 4th class 3rd petroleum (non-waterable liquid) 2000£

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE 4th class 3rd petroleum (non-waterable liquid) 2000£

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc

No data

D. Regulations under the Waste Management Act

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE No data

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE No data

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) No data Bow Stone No data

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE designated waste

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE

No data

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone No data

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc No data

E. Other regulations under domestic and foreign law

domestic regulations

Other domestic regulations

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	Not Applicable
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	Not Applicable
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Bow Stone TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc	Not Applicable Not Applicable
Foreign regulations US Management Information (OSHA Regulations) TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	Not Applicable
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	Not Applicable
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Bow Stone TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc	Not Applicable Not Applicable
US Management Information (CERCLA Regulations) TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	Not Applicable
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	Not Applicable
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Bow Stone TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc	Not Applicable Not Applicable
US Management Information (EPCRA 302 Regulation TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	ns) Not Applicable
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	Not Applicable
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)	Not Applicable
Bow Stone TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable Not Applicable
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc	Not Applicable
US Management Information (EPCRA 304 Regulation	Not Applicable

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	Not Applicable
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	Not Applicable
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Bow Stone TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc	Not Applicable
US Management Information (EPCRA 313 Regulation TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	Not Applicable Not Applicable
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	Not Applicable
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Bow Stone TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc	Not Applicable
U.S. Management Information (Rotterdam Conventic TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	Not Applicable Not Applicable
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	Not Applicable
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Bow Stone TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc	Not Applicable
U.S. Management Information (Stockholm Convention TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE	Not Applicable Not Applicable
TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE	Not Applicable
Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE	Not Applicable
	Not Applicable Not Applicable
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone	
(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone 2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc US Management Information (Montreal Emotional Ma	Not Applicable

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE Not Applicable

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Not Applicable

Bow Stone Not Applicable
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE Not Applicable
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Not Applicable

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone Not Applicable

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc Not Applicable EU Classification Information (Confirmed Classification Not Applicable

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE Xi; R36/38/R43

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) Xi; R36/37/38/R43/N; R51-53

Bow Stone Not Applicable
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE Not Applicable
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Not Applicable

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone Not Applicable

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc Not Applicable EU Classification Information (Risk Statements)

Not Applicable

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE R36/38, R43

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705) R36/37/38, R43, R51/53

Bow Stone Not Applicable
TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE Not Applicable
ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Not Applicable

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone Not Applicable

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etanc Not Applicable EU Classification Information (Safety Statement) Not Applicable

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE S2, S39

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE S2, S24, S37, S61

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

Bow Stone

Not Applicable

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE

Not Applicable

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE Not Applicable

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone Not Applicable

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etandyl Not Applicable

16. Other Notes

A. Source of data

TRIMETHYLOPHANE TRICRYLATE

" QSAR

(g. n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (Kow)"

NLM (mer. molecular weight)

RTECS (Oral)

RTECS (percutaneous)

RTECS (skin-corrosive or irritable)

RTECS (severe eye damage or irritability)

RTECS (Skin Irritability)

QSAR (residual)

TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL DIACRYLATE

IUCLID (Nature)

IUCLID (Bar. Initial Boiling and Boiling Point Range)

IUCLID (company, printing point)

IUCLID (TA. Solubility)

IUCLID (Lower. Weight)

IUCLID(거. n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (Kow)))

RTECS (Oral)

RTECS (percutaneous)

RTECS (skin-corrosive or irritable)

RTECS (severe eye damage or irritability)

IUCLID (Skin Irritability)

RTECS (specific target organ toxicity (1 exposure))

IUCLID (Capsule)

IUCLID (bird)

IUCLID (residual)

IUCLID (biodegradable)

Fabutit 705 (FABUTIT 705)

ECHA (Nature)

ECHA (Color)

GESTIS(라. pH)

ECHA (E. melting point/fish point)

ECHA (Other. Solubility)

GESTIS (wave. steam density)

ECHA (Lower. Weight)

ECHA (Molecular Weight)

ECHA (Eural)

ECHA (Inhalation)

ECHA (skin-corrosive or irritable)

Severe eye damage or irritability (ECHA)

ECHA (Skin Irritability)

ECHA (Growth Cell Variational Origin)

ECHA (Production Toxicity)

ECHA (specific target organ toxicity (1 exposure))

ECHA (Specific Targeted Organ Toxicity (Repeat Exposure)

ECHA (Fish)

ECHA (Capsule)

ECHA (Tidal Current)

ECHA (concentration)

ECHA (nature)|ECHA (melting point/fish point)|ECHA (solubility point)|Chemical book|ECHA (oral volume)|ECHA (absorbability or irritability)|ECHA (severe eye damage or irritation point)|ECHA (severe eye damage or irritation point)|ECHA (septic point)|ECHA (echoose point)|ECHA (echoose point)|ECHA (echool)|

Bow Stone

HSDB (Nature)

HSDB (Color)

HSDB (B. Smell)

ECHA (E. melting point/fish point)

ECHA (Car. Vapor Pressure)

ECHA (Other. Solubility)

ECHA (wave. steam density)

HSDB (lower, weight)

ECHA. n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (Kow)))

HSDB (mer. molecular weight)

ECHA (Eural)

ECHA (transcutaneous)

ECHA (Inhalation)

ECHA (skin-corrosive or irritable)

Severe eye damage or irritability (ECHA)

ECHA (Skin Irritability)

ECHA (Growth Cell Variational Origin)

ECHA (Production Toxicity)

ECHA (specific target organ toxicity (1 exposure))

ECHA (Specific Targeted Organ Toxicity (Repeat Exposure)

ECHA (Fish)

ECHA (Capsule)

ECHA (Tidal Current)

ECHA (Remainability)

ECHA (concentration)

ICSC|ISC|ISC|ISC|ISC(melting point/fish point)|ISC|ISC(solubility)|HSAR(n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (Kow)|Chemical book|RTECS(C)|Chemical source stimulation of cell growth

TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ACRYLATE

ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE

Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex(http://csi.micromedex.com)(성상)

Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex(http://csi.micromedex.com)(나. 냄새)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE) (http://www.safe.nite.go.jp/ghs/h18_bunrui.html)(bar. range of initial and boiling points)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation(NITE)(http://www.safe.nite.go.jp/ghs/h18_bunrui.html)(사. 인화점)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation(NITE)(http://www.safe.nite.go.jp/ghs/h18_bunrui.html)(하. 비중)

Quantitative Structure Activity Relation(QSAR)(거. n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (Kow)))

Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex(http://csi.micromedex.com)(머. 분자량)

Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex(http://csi.micromedex.com)(경구)

Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex(http://csi.micromedex.com)(경피)

Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex (http://csi.micromedex.com) (skin irritation or irritability)

Corporate Solution From Thomson Micromedex (http://csi.micromedex.com) (severe eye damage or irritability)

Ecological Structure Activity Relationships(ECOSAR)(어류)

Ecological Structure Activity Relationships(ECOSAR)(갑각류)

Ecological Structure Activity Relationships(ECOSAR)(조류)

Quantitative Structure Activity Relation(QSAR)(잔류성)

Quantitative Structure Activity Relation(QSAR)(농축성)

(1-hydroxycyclohexyl) phenylmethanone

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation(NITE)(http://www.safe.nite.go.jp/ghs/h18_bunrui.html)(마. 녹는점/어는점)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE) (http://www.safe.nite.go.jp/ghs/h18_bunrui.html)(bar. range of initial and boiling points)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation(NITE)(http://www.safe.nite.go.jp/ghs/h18_bunrui.html)(사. 인화점)

Ecological Structure Activity Relationships(ECOSAR)(거. n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (Kow)))

National Library of Medicine(NLM)(http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?CHEM) (Mer. Molecular Weight)

Ecological Structure Activity Relationships(ECOSAR)(어류)

Ecological Structure Activity Relationships(ECOSAR)(갑각류)

Ecological Structure Activity Relationships(ECOSAR)(조류)

Ecological Structure Activity Relationships(ECOSAR)(잔류성)

Quantitative Structure Activity Relation(QSAR)(농축성)

2-methyl-2-propenate poppinicobis (oxy-2,1-etandyle) ester

Calculated by molecular weight and the average molecular weight of air (wave. steam density)

ChemIDplus (mer. molecular weight)

Ecological Structure Activity Relationships(ECOSAR)(어류)

Quantitative Structure Activity Relation(QSAR)(농축성)

B. Initial Creation Date 2022-06-28

C. Number of revisions and final revision date

Number of revisions One-time

Final revision date 0

D. Other

[&]quot; O The prepared Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) shall be edited and partially modified by referring to the MSDS provided by the Korea Occupational Safety and Health Corporation.

Here's the data."